

IELTS Speaking Practice Handout

Part 1, Part 2 Cue Card, and Part 3 Discussion

雅思口說練習講義 | Topic set: study, technology, places, skills

Teacher Notes 教學重點

- Level: IELTS speaking preparation / CEFR B1-B2+
- Class time: 60-90 minutes
- Skills: extending answers, organizing ideas, giving examples, justifying opinions
- Official format reference: IELTS Speaking has three parts and lasts about 11-14 minutes.

Warm-up Questions 暖身口說

- What topic is easy for you to talk about in English?
- What topic makes you nervous?
- Do you prefer short answers or long answers?
- What do you usually do when you cannot remember a word?

A. IELTS Speaking Format 雅思口說考試架構

Part	Time	What happens	Practice goal
Part 1	4-5 min	Short questions about familiar topics.	Answer clearly, then add one reason or example.
Part 2	3-4 min	One cue card, one minute to prepare, then speak for 1-2 minutes.	Tell a small story with details.
Part 3	4-5 min	A deeper discussion connected to Part 2.	Explain, compare, justify, and speculate.

B. Vocabulary 單字解析

Word	Part	中文	Easy meaning	Example
fluency	n.	流暢度	speaking smoothly without too many long pauses	Fluency improves when you practice every day.
coherence	n.	連貫性	clear connection between ideas	Use linking words to improve coherence.
lexical resource	n.	詞彙資源	the range and accuracy of vocabulary you use	IELTS Speaking checks your lexical resource.
pronunciation	n.	發音	how clearly and naturally you say words	Good pronunciation is easy to understand.
extend	v.	延伸	to make an answer longer with reasons or examples	Try to extend your answer with one example.
justify	v.	說明理由	to give reasons for an opinion	You need to justify your opinion in Part 3.

cue card	n.	提示卡	a card with a topic and points for Part 2	Read the cue card carefully before you speak.
hesitation	n.	停頓；猶豫	a pause because you are unsure what to say	Short natural hesitation is normal.
linking phrase	n.	連接語	words that connect ideas	However is a useful linking phrase.
specific	adj.	具體的	clear and exact	Give a specific example from your life.
describe	v.	描述	to say what someone or something is like	Describe a place you enjoy visiting.
speculate	v.	推測	to talk about what may happen or may be true	In Part 3, you may speculate about the future.

C. Model Dialogs 口說示範

Dialog 1 | Part 1: Studies

Examiner	Do you work or are you a student?
Candidate	I am a student. I am studying business at college.
Examiner	Why did you choose that subject?
Candidate	I chose it because I am interested in marketing and online shopping.
Examiner	Do you enjoy your classes?
Candidate	Yes, especially classes with group projects, because I can learn from my classmates.

Dialog 2 | Part 1: Free Time

Examiner	What do you usually do in your free time?
Candidate	I usually watch short videos or go for a walk near my home.
Examiner	Do you prefer relaxing alone or with friends?
Candidate	It depends. On weekdays, I prefer being alone because I need quiet time.
Examiner	Has your free time changed recently?
Candidate	Yes. I spend more time exercising now because I want to stay healthy.

Dialog 3 | Part 1: Technology

Examiner	Do you often use your phone?
Candidate	Yes, probably too often. I use it for messages, maps, payments, and English learning.
Examiner	What app is useful for you?
Candidate	A dictionary app is very useful because I can check pronunciation quickly.
Examiner	Would you like to use your phone less?
Candidate	Yes. I think it would help me sleep better and focus more.

Dialog 4 | Part 3: Technology and Learning

Examiner	Do you think technology has changed the way people learn?
Candidate	Yes, definitely. People can now learn almost anywhere because lessons, videos, and dictionaries are online.
Examiner	Is that always a good thing?
Candidate	Not always. It is convenient, but it can also make people impatient. Some learners want quick answers instead of deep understanding.
Examiner	How can schools use technology well?
Candidate	Schools should use technology as a tool. For instance, students can review lessons online,

	but teachers still need to guide discussion and critical thinking.
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Dialog 5 | Part 3: Cities and Public Spaces

Examiner	Why are public spaces important in cities?
Candidate	They are important because they give people a place to relax, exercise, and meet others without spending much money.
Examiner	Should governments spend more money on parks?
Candidate	In my opinion, yes. Parks can improve people's health and make cities more comfortable, especially in hot weather.
Examiner	How might cities change in the future?
Candidate	I think cities may become greener. There may be more trees, bike lanes, and small parks because people care more about health and climate.

D. Part 1 Practice 短答延伸

Use this pattern: answer + reason + example.

- Yes, I do. I like it because _____. For example, _____.
- Not really. I prefer _____ because _____.
- It depends. When I am _____, I usually _____.
- Recently, I have started _____ because _____.

Part 1 Question Bank

- Do you work or study?
- What subject do you enjoy most?
- What do you usually do after class or work?
- Do you prefer studying alone or with other people?
- How often do you use technology for learning?
- What kind of weather do you like?
- Do you enjoy visiting parks?
- What skill would you like to improve?

E. Part 2 Cue Card Practice 長篇回答

For each cue card, make quick notes for 1 minute. Then speak for 1-2 minutes.

Cue Card 1 | Describe a Useful App

Describe a useful app you often use.

- what the app is
- when you started using it
- how it helps you
- and explain why you think it is useful

Notes: who / where / when / details / feeling

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

Model Answer

I would like to talk about a dictionary app on my phone. I started using it when I began preparing for English exams. At first, I only used it to check meanings, but now I also use it to listen to pronunciation and save new words.

The app helps me because it is quick and simple. For example, when I hear a new word in a video, I can check it immediately. I can also see example sentences, so I understand how to use the word naturally.

I think it is useful because it supports my daily learning. It does not replace studying, but it makes studying easier. If I use it regularly, I can remember more words and feel more confident when I speak English.

Cue Card 2 | Describe a Place You Like to Visit

Describe a place in your city that you like to visit.

- where it is
- what you can do there
- who you usually go with
- and explain why you enjoy going there

Notes: who / where / when / details / feeling

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

Model Answer

A place I like to visit is a riverside park near my home. It is not a famous tourist spot, but it is clean, open, and easy to reach by bus. I usually go there in the evening after dinner.

There are many things to do there. Some people jog, some ride bikes, and others just sit and chat. I often go with my friends, but sometimes I go alone when I want to clear my mind.

I enjoy this place because it helps me relax. The view of the river is peaceful, and the air feels better than in the busy streets. It is a simple place, but it gives me a short break from study and work.

Cue Card 3 | Describe a Skill You Want to Improve

Describe a skill you want to improve.

- what the skill is
- why you want to improve it
- how you plan to practice
- and explain how this skill may help you in the future

Notes: who / where / when / details / feeling

1. _____

2. _____
3. _____

Model Answer

One skill I want to improve is public speaking. I can talk with friends quite easily, but when I speak in front of a group, I sometimes feel nervous and forget what I want to say.

I want to improve this skill because it is useful for school, work, and interviews. If I can speak clearly in public, I can share my ideas better and make a stronger impression.

My plan is to practice with short speeches. I can record myself, listen again, and check my speed and pronunciation. I may also join a speaking club. In the future, this skill could help me give presentations and communicate more confidently.

F. Part 3 Discussion Practice 深入討論

Use these answer moves: give an opinion, justify it, compare two sides, and speculate about the future.

- In my opinion, _____ because _____.
- Compared with the past, people today _____.
- There are two sides. On the one hand, _____. On the other hand, _____.
- In the future, I think _____ may become more common.

Part 3 Question Bank

- How has technology changed education?
- Do people rely on phones too much?
- Why do some people prefer outdoor activities?
- Should schools teach students public speaking?
- How can young people build confidence?
- What skills will be important in the future?

G. Speaking Checklist 自我檢查

Goal	Check	Teacher notes
I can answer Part 1 with more than one short sentence.	☐ Yes ☐ Not yet	
I can speak for at least 90 seconds in Part 2.	☐ Yes ☐ Not yet	
I can give reasons and examples.	☐ Yes ☐ Not yet	
I can use linking phrases naturally.	☐ Yes ☐ Not yet	
My pronunciation is clear enough to understand.	☐ Yes ☐ Not yet	

H. Quiz 練習題

1. IELTS Speaking has three parts. True or false?

Answer: _____

2. In Part 2, candidates usually have one minute to prepare. True or false?

Answer: _____

3. Name one IELTS Speaking assessment criterion.

Answer: _____

4. Complete the phrase: In my opinion, _____.

Answer: _____

5. Give one way to extend a short answer.

Answer: _____

6. What should you do if you do not know one exact word?

Answer: _____

7. Make one Part 1 answer longer: I like music because _____.

Answer: _____

8. Name one useful linking phrase for contrast.

Answer: _____

9. What is a cue card?

Answer: _____

10. What should you avoid in IELTS Speaking?

Answer: _____

Answer Key 答案

1. IELTS Speaking has three parts. True or false? - True.

2. In Part 2, candidates usually have one minute to prepare. True or false? - True.

3. Name one IELTS Speaking assessment criterion. - Fluency and coherence / lexical resource / grammatical range and accuracy / pronunciation.

4. Complete the phrase: In my opinion, _____. - answers will vary

5. Give one way to extend a short answer. - Add a reason, example, comparison, or result.

6. What should you do if you do not know one exact word? - Paraphrase or explain the idea in another way.

7. Make one Part 1 answer longer: I like music because _____. - answers will vary

8. Name one useful linking phrase for contrast. - However / On the other hand / That said.

9. What is a cue card? - A card with a topic and points for IELTS Speaking Part 2.

10. What should you avoid in IELTS Speaking? - Only saying yes/no, memorizing full answers, or staying silent for too long.